

Atomic, with and without Atomic

Jan Pazdziora
Sr. Principal Software Engineer
Identity Management Special Projects, Red Hat
jpazdziora@redhat.com



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Applications vs. system services

Applications

Provide end-user or externally-facing functionality

Often network-enabled services

Multiple instances possible

Data and interfaces isolated

Can run on any host

For example:

DNS server for a domain

System services

Configure system

Support other programs

Targetting local system

Single instance on any system

Well-known paths for sharing with other services

Bound to a particular host

Caching nameserver

System daemons and services

- System services enhance the behaviour of the base operating system:
 - network configuration
 - system time sync
 - logging
 - caching DNS service
 - authentication
 - ...

Processes on minimal system

```
  1 ?      Ss      0:02 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd --switched-root --system --deserial
597 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-journald
616 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/sbin/lvmetad -f
637 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-udevd
754 ?      S<Lsl   0:00 /usr/sbin/dmeventd -f
758 ?      S<sl    0:00 /sbin/auditd -n
788 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-logind
789 ?      Ssl     0:00 /usr/sbin/NetworkManager --no-daemon
816 ?      S       0:00 \_ /sbin/dhclient -d -q -sf /usr/libexec/nm-dhcp-helper -pf
794 ?      Ssl     0:00 /usr/sbin/gssproxy -D
801 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/sbin/rpc.gssd
892 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/sbin/sshd -D
896 ?      Ss      0:00 /usr/sbin/crond -n
902 tty1    Ss+     0:00 /sbin/agetty --noclear tty1 linux
903 ttyS0   Ss+     0:00 /sbin/agetty --keep-baud 115200 38400 9600 ttyS0 vt22
```

Typical workflow

- Install package(s)
- Edit config or run some setup tool
- Enable service (to be run automatically after reboot)
- Start the service

- On Fedora:

```
# dnf install -y chrony
# vi /etc/chrony.conf
# systemctl enable chronyd
# systemctl start chronyd
```

```
# dnf install -y freeipa-client
# ipa-client-install [params]      # will enable and start sssd service
# systemctl status sssd
```

- Configuration management systems might be used; underneath, they typically do something like shown above.

SSSD

- System Security Services Daemon.
- External user identities, authentication, authorization.
 - Users from multiple domains (FreeIPA, Active Directory, generic LDAP servers).
 - Host-based access control, group policy object enforcement.
 - sudo rules, SELinux contexts for users,
 - Failover, caching for speed or off-line use.
- The `ipa-client-install` for IPA-enrollment of machines.
 - Host record created in IPA server.
 - Configures SSSD, fetches `krb5.keytab`, tweaks PAM, ...

Atomic platform

- Minimal, one-size-fits-all system.
- Targeted at applications running in docker containers.
- Read-only (except /etc, /var), booted from images (ostree).
 - Images are built from standard packages (rpms).
 - Packages only installed in image build-time.
- Upgrade done by booting new image.
- Packages (rpms) can be seen on the system.
- But no dnf. And system is read-only anyway.

System services on Atomic

- How does admin add system services?
 - Build and maintain derived ostree images?
 - Not likely.
 - There is docker daemon running on Atomic.
 - It is meant for running application containers.
 - We can try to run system services with it as well.

System service in a container

- Dockerfile:

```
FROM fedora:23
RUN dnf install -y freeipa-client ... && dnf clean all
```

- Build:

```
# docker build -t sssd .
```

- Run container:

```
# docker run sssd ...
```

- What do we run in the container? `/usr/sbin/sss`?

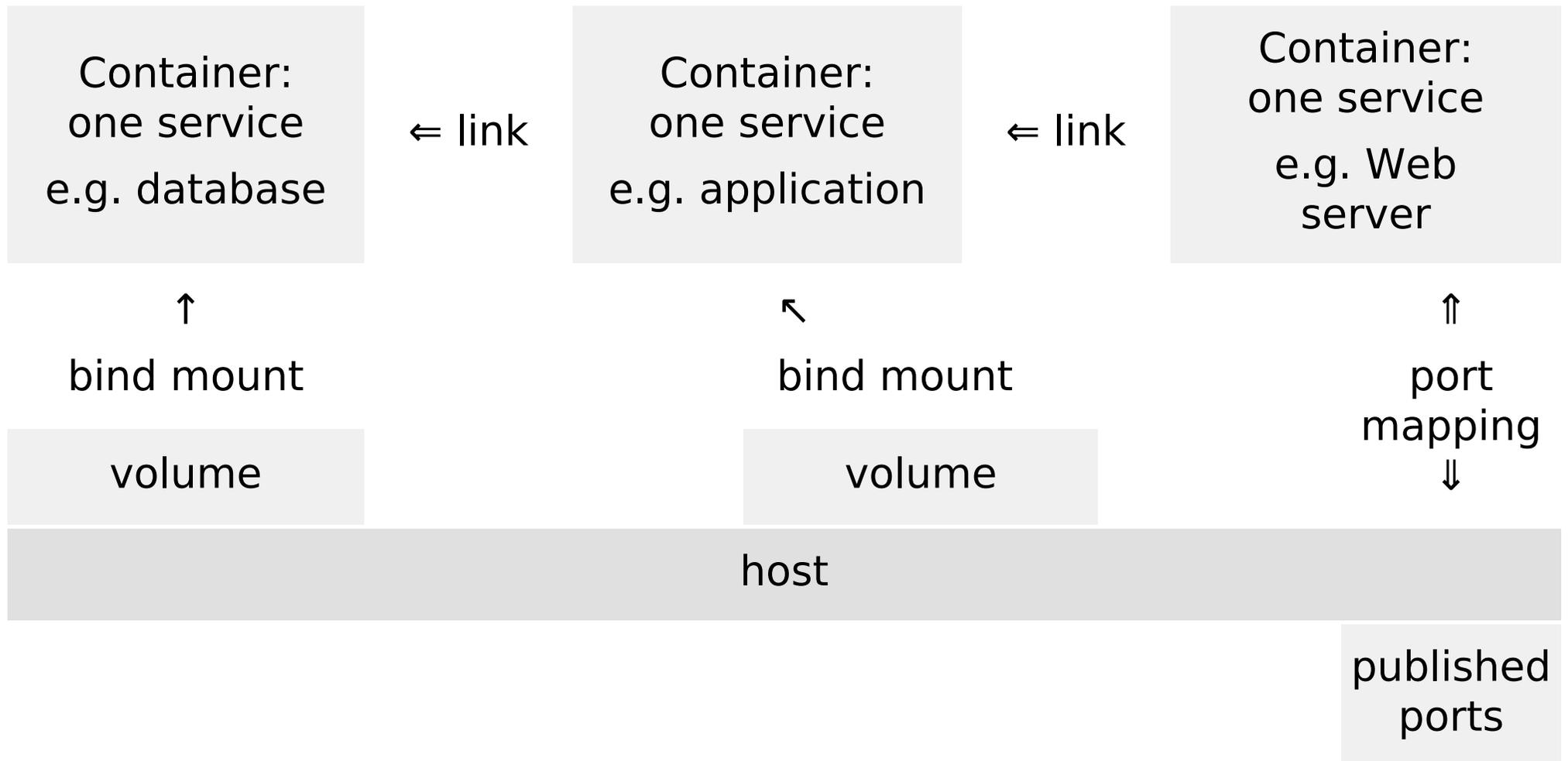
- We need to IPA-enroll the machine first (run `ipa-client-install`)

- Can't run it in build-time (because it establishes host identity).

- And it's not installed on the host.

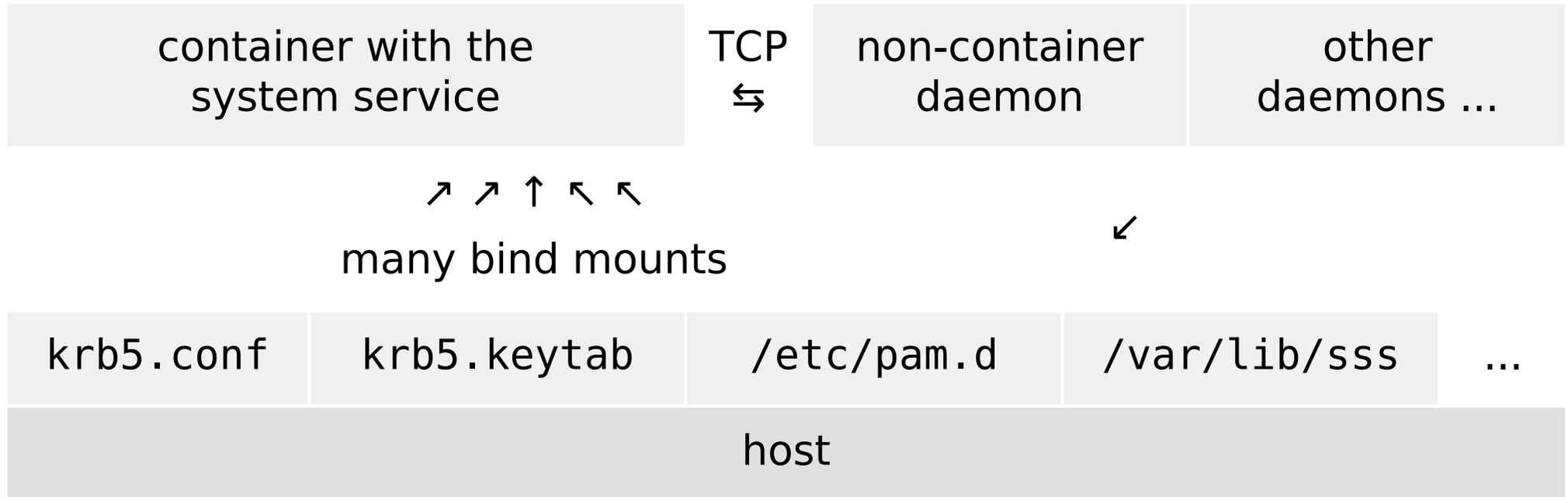
- Where is configuration stored?

Typical containerized application



- One or few bind mounts per container: `docker run -v $DATA:/data`

Setup needed for system services



- Dozen of bind mounts

SSSD container mount points

```
# docker run ... -v /etc/ipa:/etc/ipa:ro \  
-v /etc/krb5.conf:/etc/krb5.conf:ro \  
-v /etc/krb5.keytab:/etc/krb5.keytab:ro \  
-v /etc/nsswitch.conf:/etc/nsswitch.conf:ro \  
-v /etc/openldap:/etc/openldap:ro \  
-v /etc/pam.d:/etc/pam.d:ro \  
-v /etc/passwd:/etc/passwd.host:ro \  
-v /etc/pki/nssdb:/etc/pki/nssdb:ro \  
-v /etc/ssh:/etc/ssh:ro \  
-v /etc/sss:/etc/sss:ro \  
-v /etc/systemd/system/sss.service.d:/etc/systemd/system/sss.service.d:ro \  
[...]  
-v /etc/sysconfig/sss:/etc/sysconfig/sss:ro \  
-v /var/cache/realmd:/var/cache/realmd/ \  
-v /var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket:/var/run/dbus/system_bus_socket \  
-v /var/lib/authconfig/last:/var/lib/authconfig/last:ro \  
-v /var/lib/ipa-client/sysrestore:/var/lib/ipa-client/sysrestore:ro \  
-v /var/lib/samba:/var/lib/samba/ \  
-v /var/lib/sss:/var/lib/sss/ \  
-v /var/log/sss:/var/log/sss/ sssd ...
```

Defining the run parameters

- Labels in Dockerfile:

```
LABEL RUN 'docker run -d --privileged --net=host \  
  --name ${NAME} -e NAME=${NAME} -e IMAGE=${IMAGE} \  
  -v /etc/ipa/:/etc/ipa/:ro \  
  -v /etc/krb5.conf:/etc/krb5.conf:ro \  
  -v /etc/krb5.keytab:/etc/krb5.keytab:ro \  
  -v /etc/nsswitch.conf:/etc/nsswitch.conf:ro \  
  -v /etc/openldap/:/etc/openldap/:ro \  
  [...]  
  ${IMAGE} /bin/run.sh'
```

- Tool that can use the labels: /usr/bin/atomic.

```
# atomic run fedora/sss  
docker run -d --net=host --name sssd -e NAME=sss -e IMAGE=sss -v [...]  
2311d245efffa5292c9c2ca141161528cb582264d2a01923ba9bd30503831f1f  
#
```

The setup phase

- Many of the bind-mounted files don't exist on typical host.
- Label for container installation (initial deployment):

```
LABEL INSTALL 'docker run --rm=true --privileged --net=host \  
  -v /:/host -e NAME=${NAME} -e IMAGE=${IMAGE} -e HOST=/host \  
  ${IMAGE} /bin/install.sh'
```

```
# atomic install fedora/sssddocker run --rm=true --privileged --net=host -v /:/host -e NAME=sssdd [...]
```

- Any additional arguments are appended.
- Could we pass parameters to `ipa-client-install`?

```
# atomic install fedora/sssddocker run --rm=true [...] sssd /bin/install.sh --password one-time-secret
```

IPA-enrollment with container

- The atomic tool nicely separates initial setup from runs.
- In `INSTALL`, `-v /:/host` gives access to the full host filesystem.
- In `install.sh` we copy in existing configuration from host, run service setup tool (`ipa-client-install`), and copy result back out to host:

```
HOST=${HOST:-/host}
( cd "$HOST" && while read f ; do
    if [ -e "$f" ] ; then cp --parents -rp -t / "$f" ; fi
done ) < /etc/host-data-list
[...]
ipa-client-install -U "$@"
[...]
xargs cp --parents -rp -t "$HOST" < /etc/host-data-list
chroot "$HOST" restorecon -ri -f - < /etc/host-data-list
```

- Realmd also supported, for example for joining host to Active Directory:

```
# atomic install fedora/sss realm join [...]
```

Containerized systemd service

- On Atomic, the `/usr/lib/systemd/system` is read-only.
- But `/etc/systemd/system` is free to be used:

`sssd.service.template`:

```
[Service]
ExecStart=/usr/bin/atomic run --name=${NAME} ${IMAGE}
ExecStop=/usr/bin/atomic stop --name=${NAME} ${IMAGE}
Type=oneshot
RemainAfterExit=yes
```

`install.sh`:

```
sed "s%\${IMAGE}%\${IMAGE:-sssd}%g; s%\${NAME}%\${NAME:-sssd}%g;" \
  /etc/sssd.service.template > $HOST/etc/systemd/system/$NAME.service
chroot $HOST systemctl daemon-reload
```

- After `atomic install fedora/sssd`, `systemctl ... sssd` work.
- Containerized system services behave like normal services.
- Some (client) shared libraries are needed in ostree image.

Issues

- `--privileged` and SELinux rules for interoperability with `spc_t` needed.
 - Support for `--security-opt label:type:sssd_t` would be nice.
- When the docker daemon goes down, containers go down.
 - `--restart=always?` `--restart=unless-stopped?`
 - ```
[Install]
WantedBy=docker.service
```
- Command-line tools for the containerized services cannot be deployed.
  - `/usr/local/bin` is read-only.
  - Could heavy use of `/etc/alternatives` help?
- Do we want to split the INSTALL-time and RUN-time containers?

# Working with atomic

- It can manage the ostree on the Atomic host.
- But it also understands LABELS in docker images.
  - Directives to run the container come with the container image.
- This feature is not dependent on Atomic platform.
- Atomic being read-only is a bit hard to develop on.
- Containerized services can be developed on normal operating systems.
  - And run there as well.
  - With configuration (and data) on host in standard locations, it's possible to switch between native and containerized services.

```
atomic install fedora/sss --migrate
```

- Hence: atomic, not just on Atomic.

# Conclusion

- Software for system services can come in container images.
- The atomic tool understands LABELS in docker images.
- It distinguishes INSTALL and RUN invocations.
- It can be used both on Atomic host, and on normal operating system.
- In INSTALL, we can create systemd service on the host.
- Multiple setup modes are possible with parameters to INSTALL phase.
  - Including migration of existing configuration.
- With SSSD, Kerberos authentication, access control by external users, and centralized sudo rule management is now possible on Atomic.

# References & feedback

- [www.projectatomic.io](http://www.projectatomic.io)
- [github.com/fedora-cloud/Fedora-Dockerfiles/tree/master/sss](https://github.com/fedora-cloud/Fedora-Dockerfiles/tree/master/sss)
- [hub.docker.com/r/fedora/sss/](https://hub.docker.com/r/fedora/sss/)
- [adelton.com/docs/docker/fedora-atomic-sss-container](http://adelton.com/docs/docker/fedora-atomic-sss-container)
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- [www.devconf.cz/feedback/281](http://www.devconf.cz/feedback/281)
- [jpazdziora@redhat.com](mailto:jpazdziora@redhat.com)